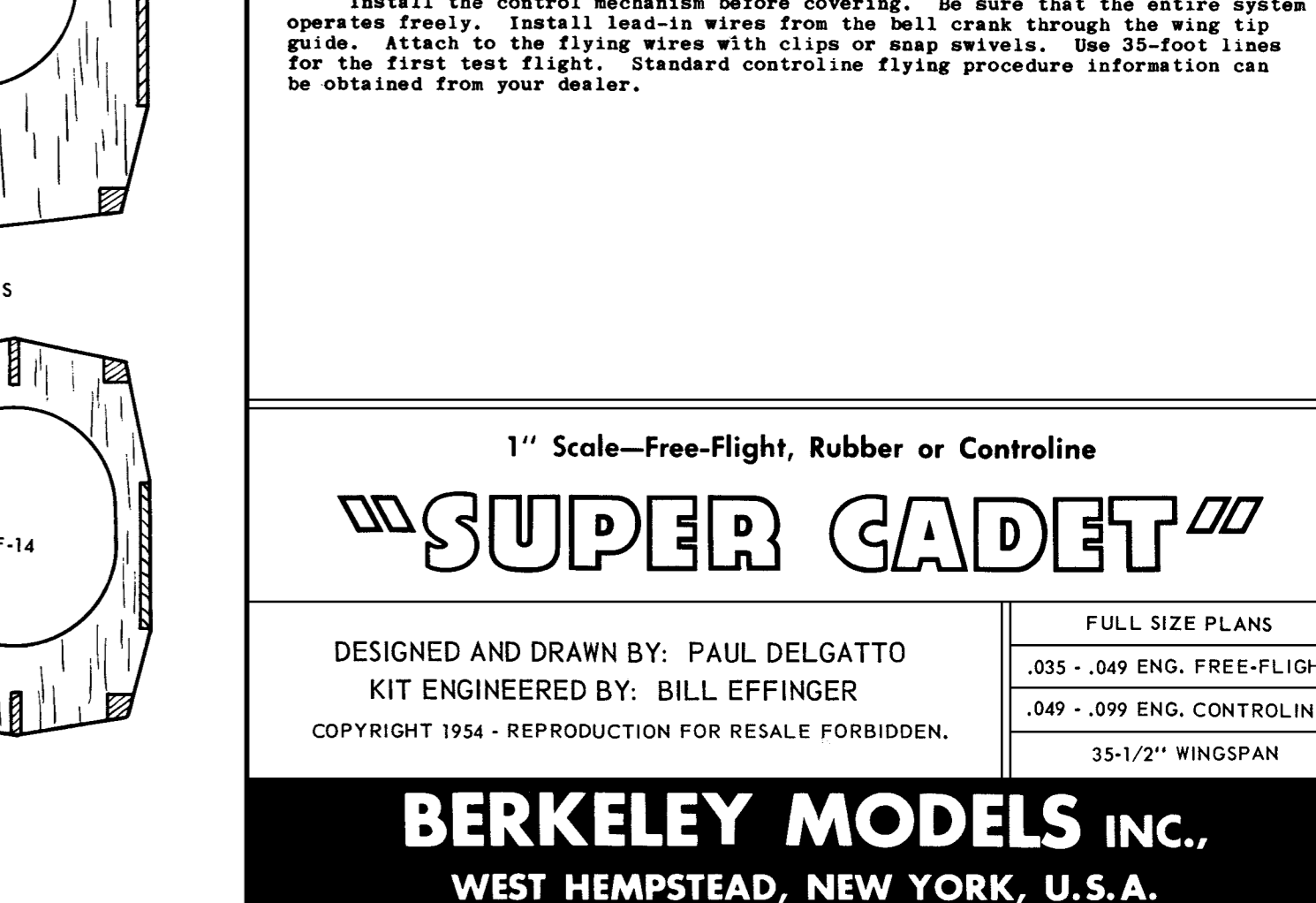
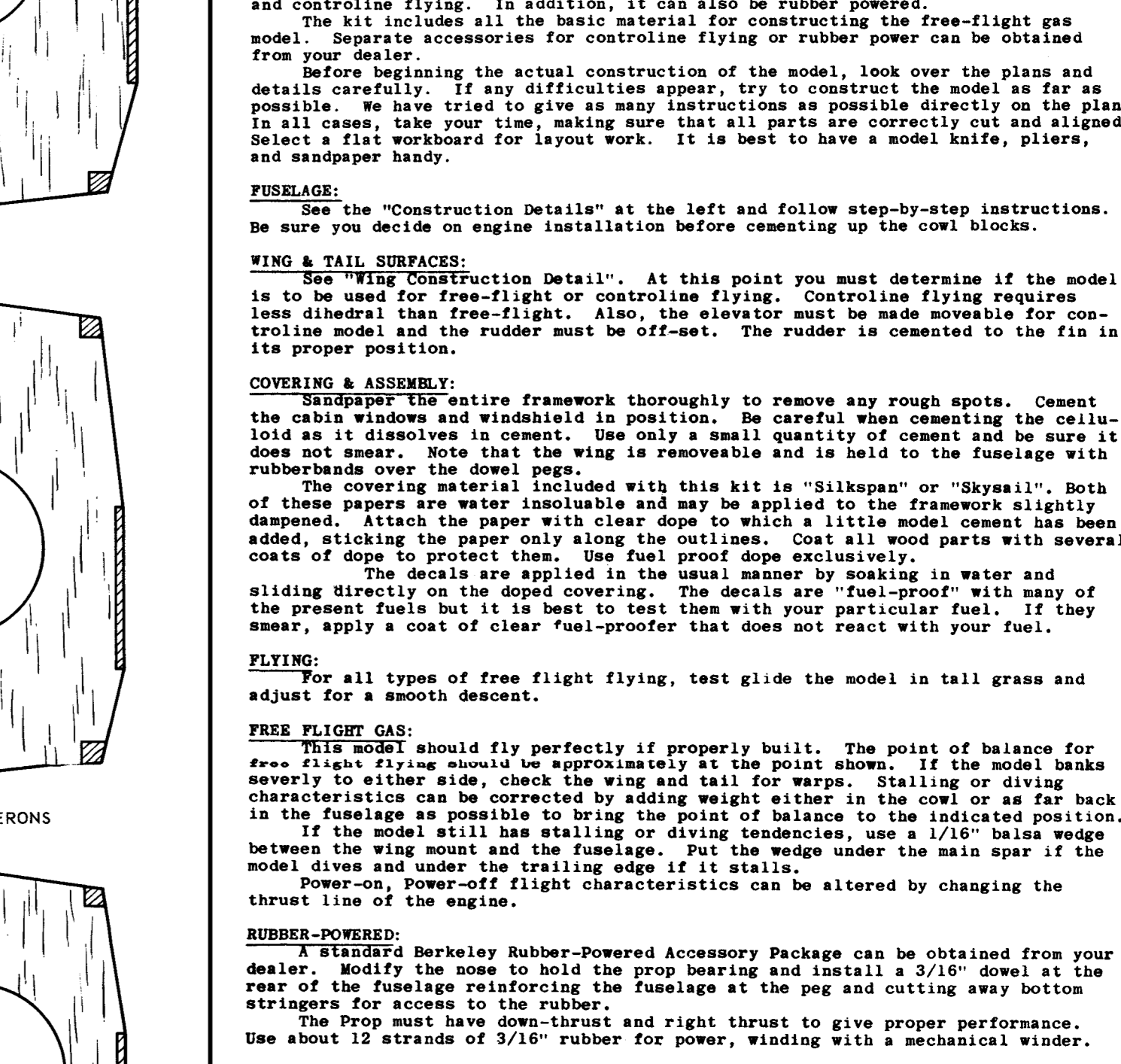
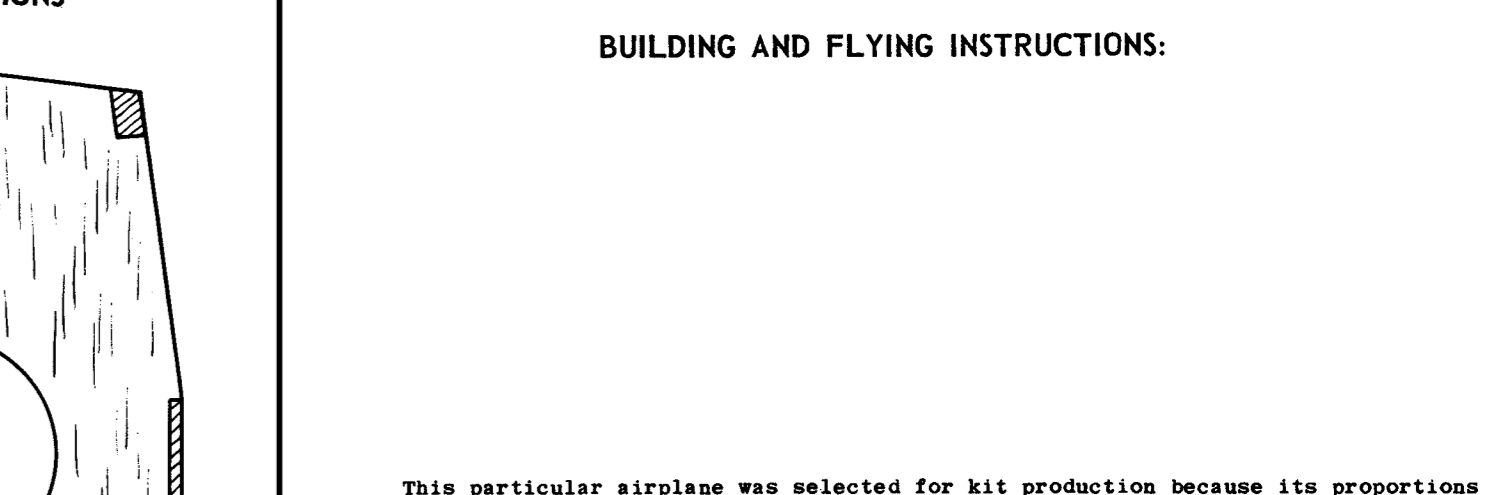
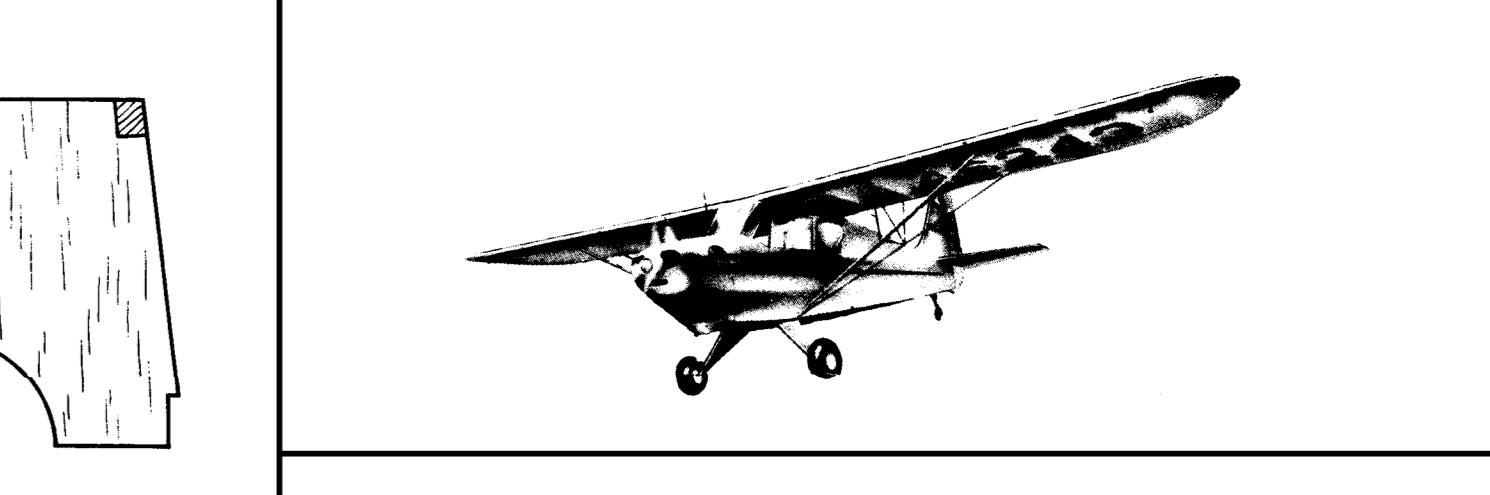
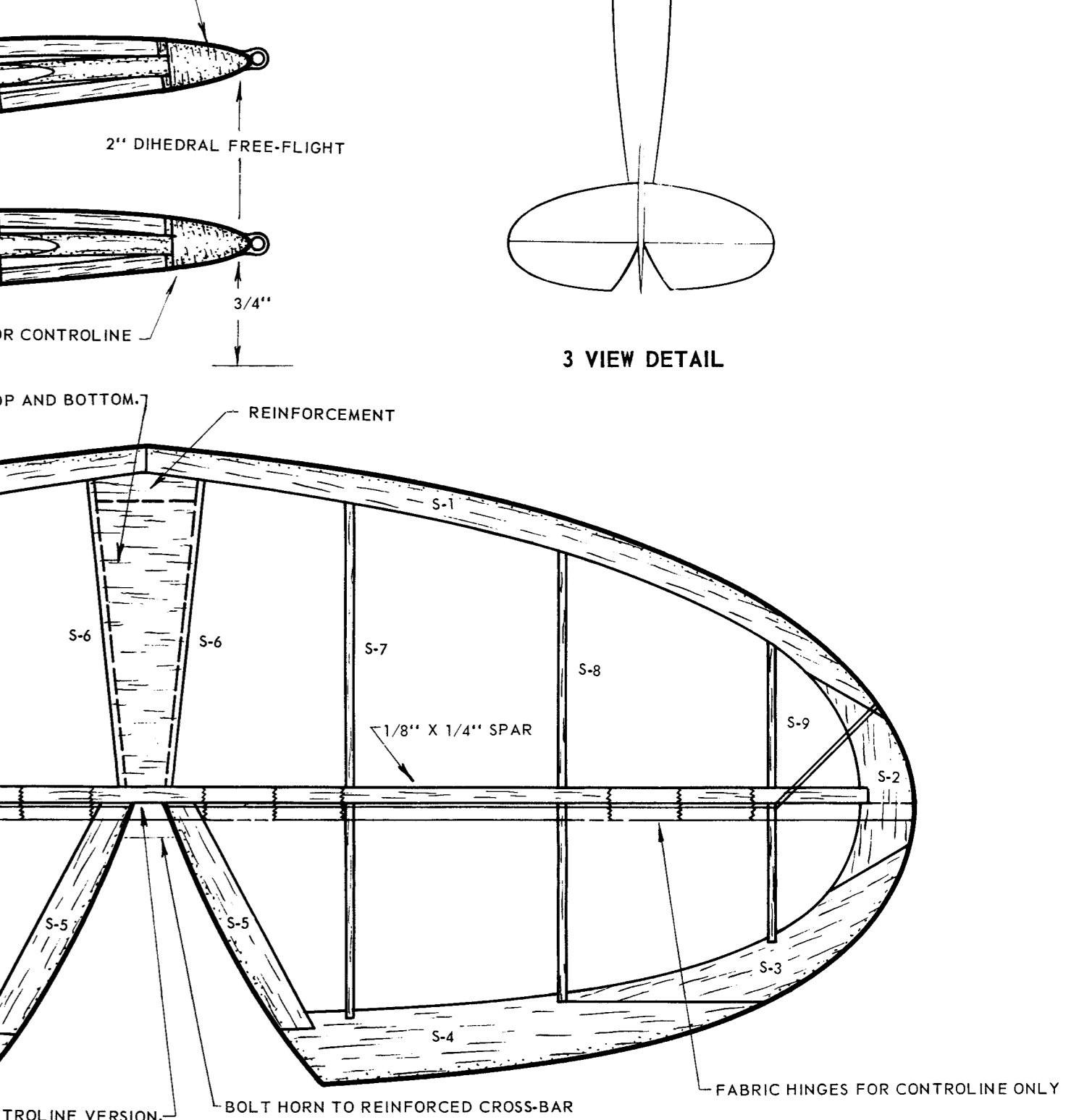
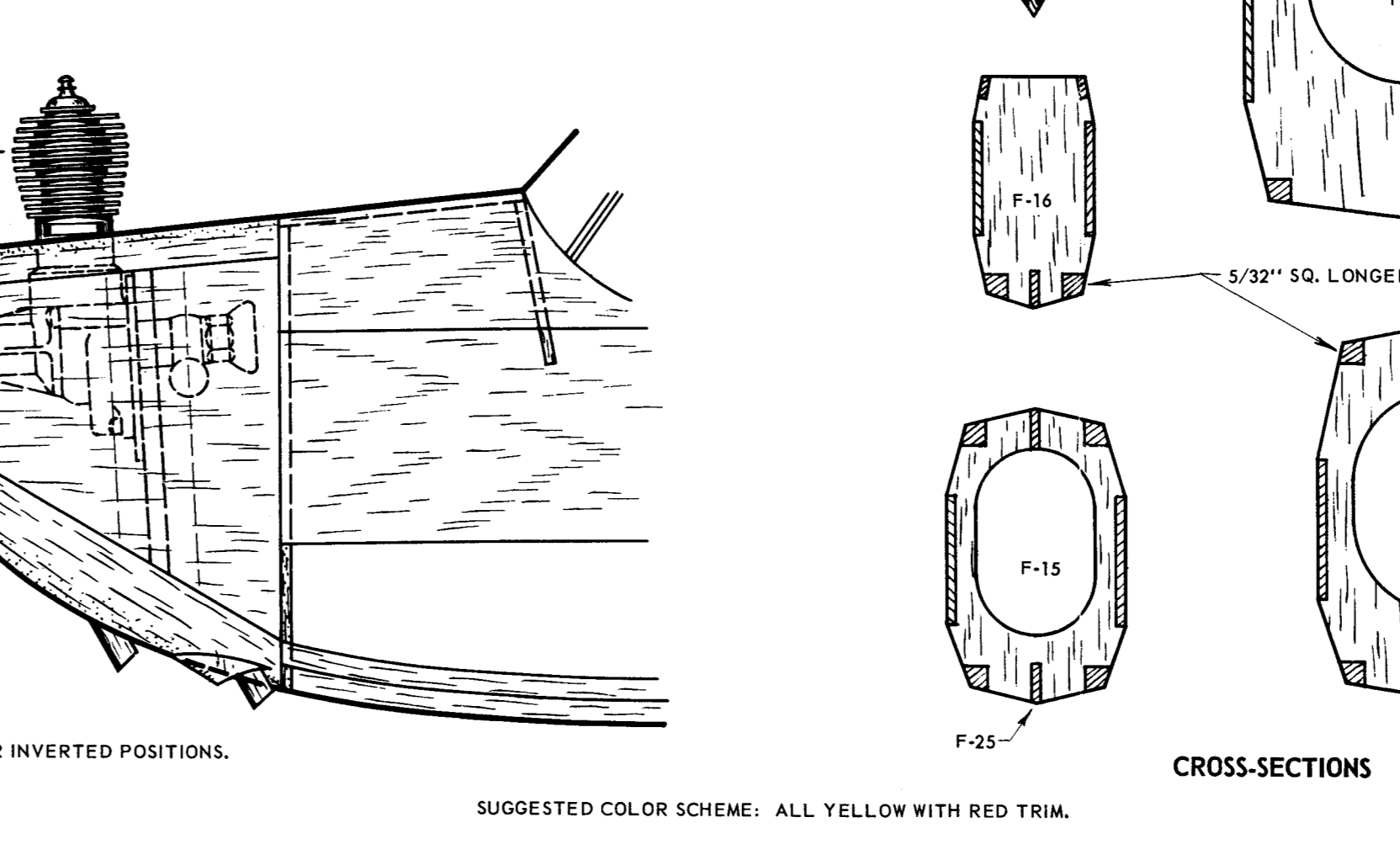
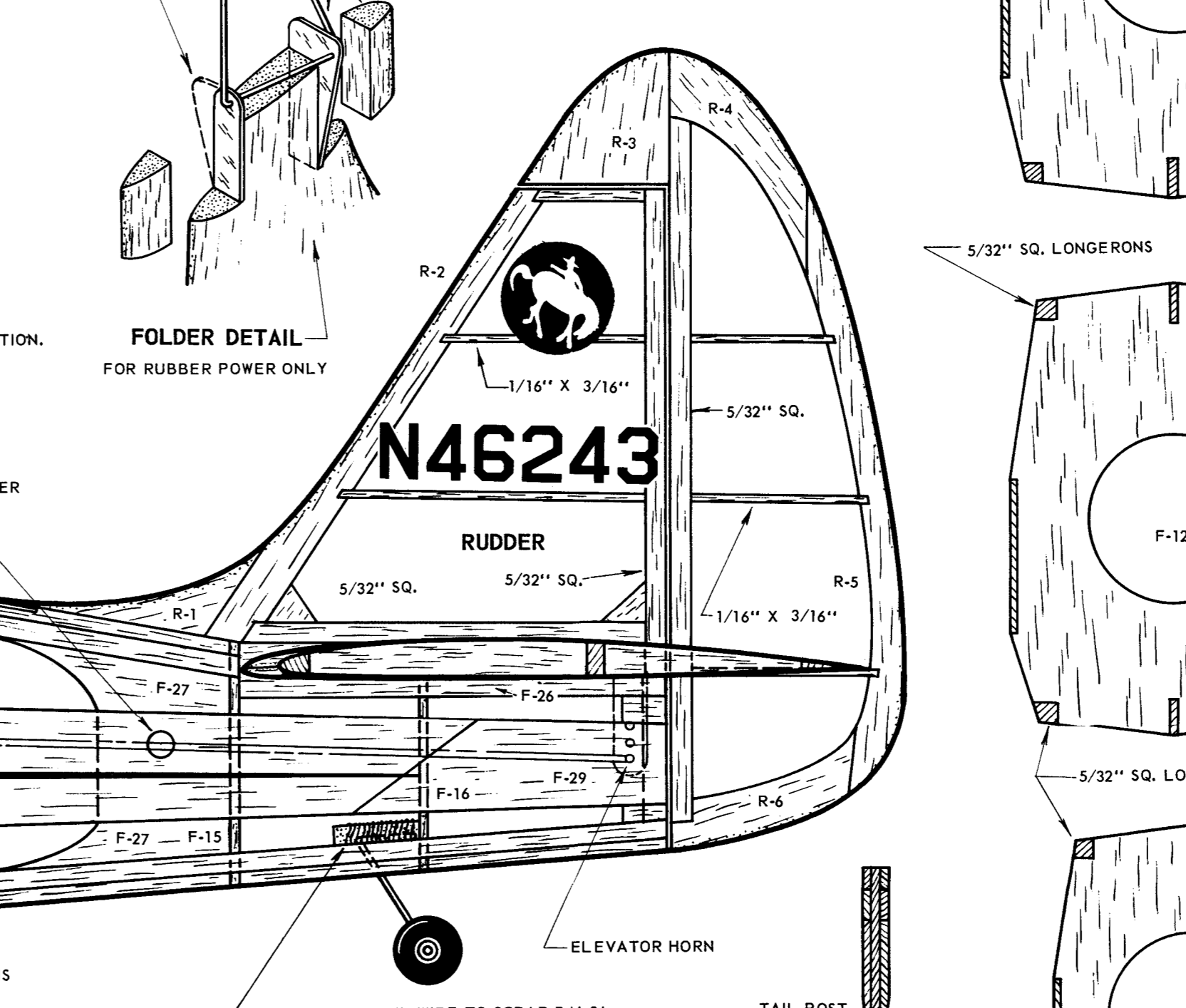
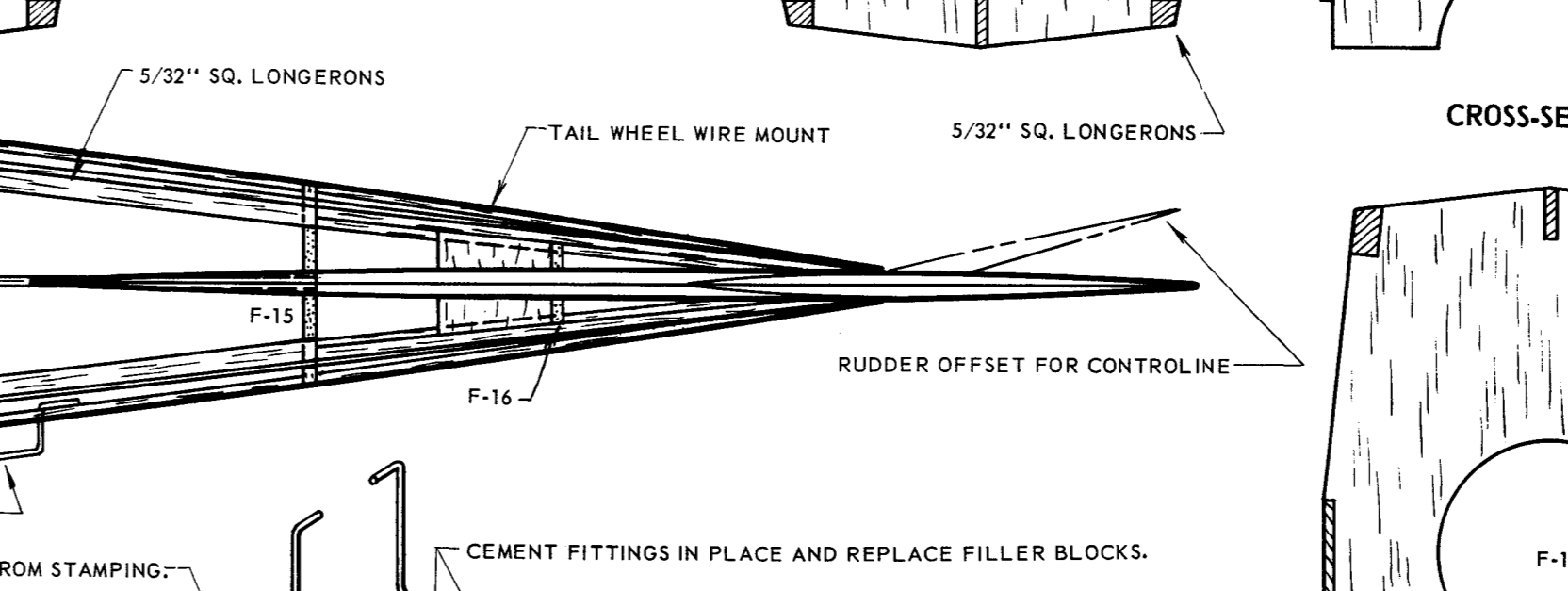
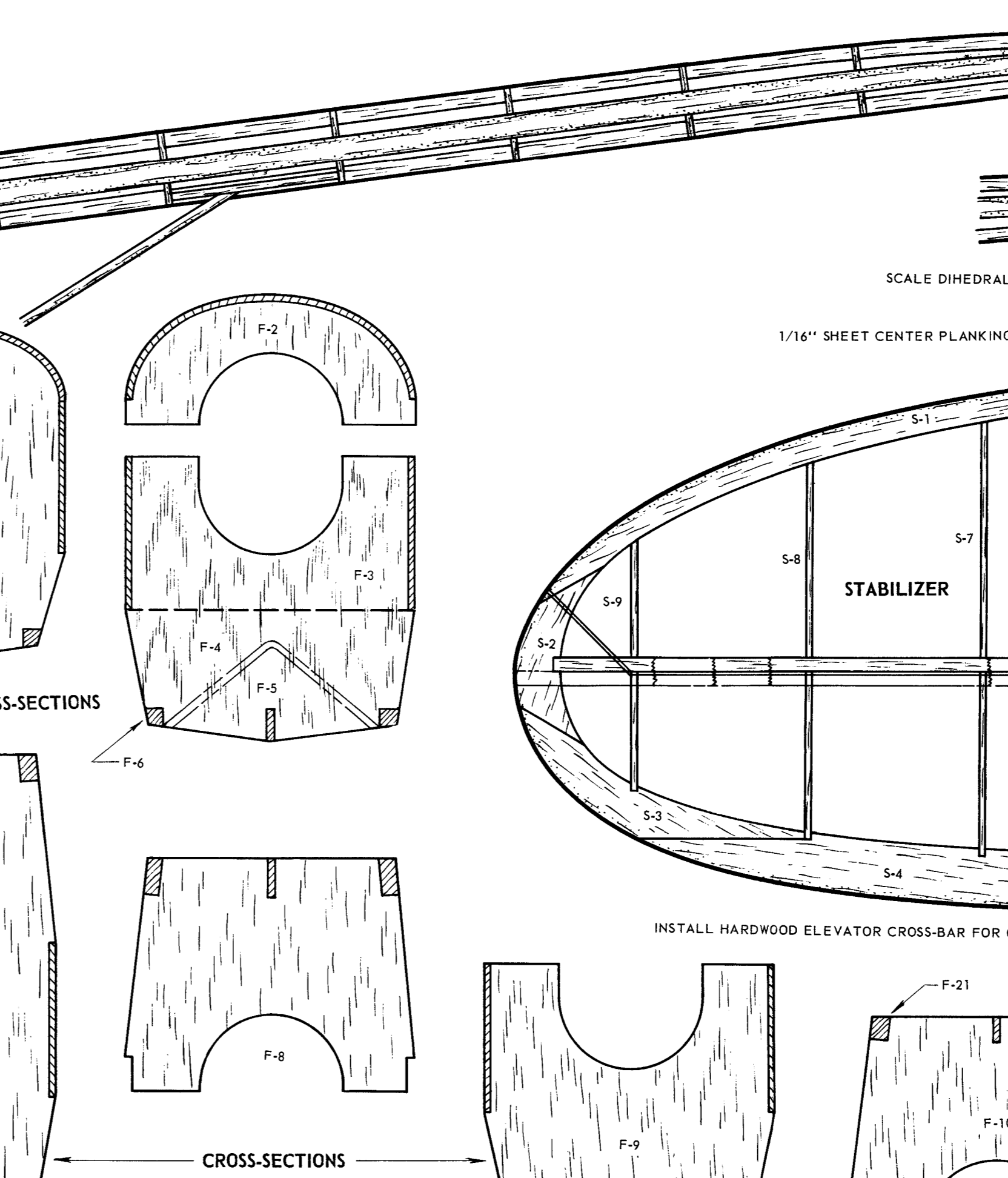
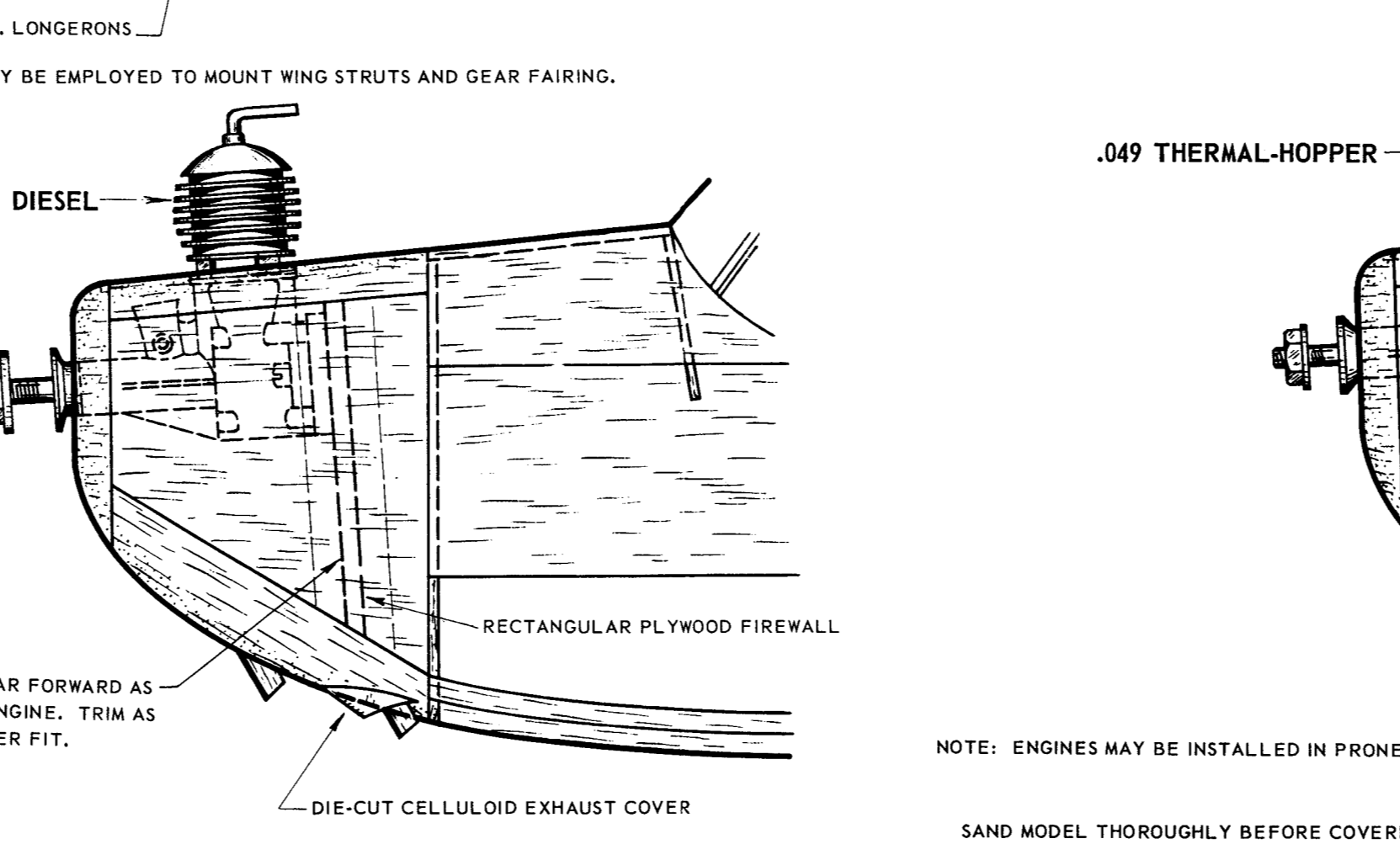
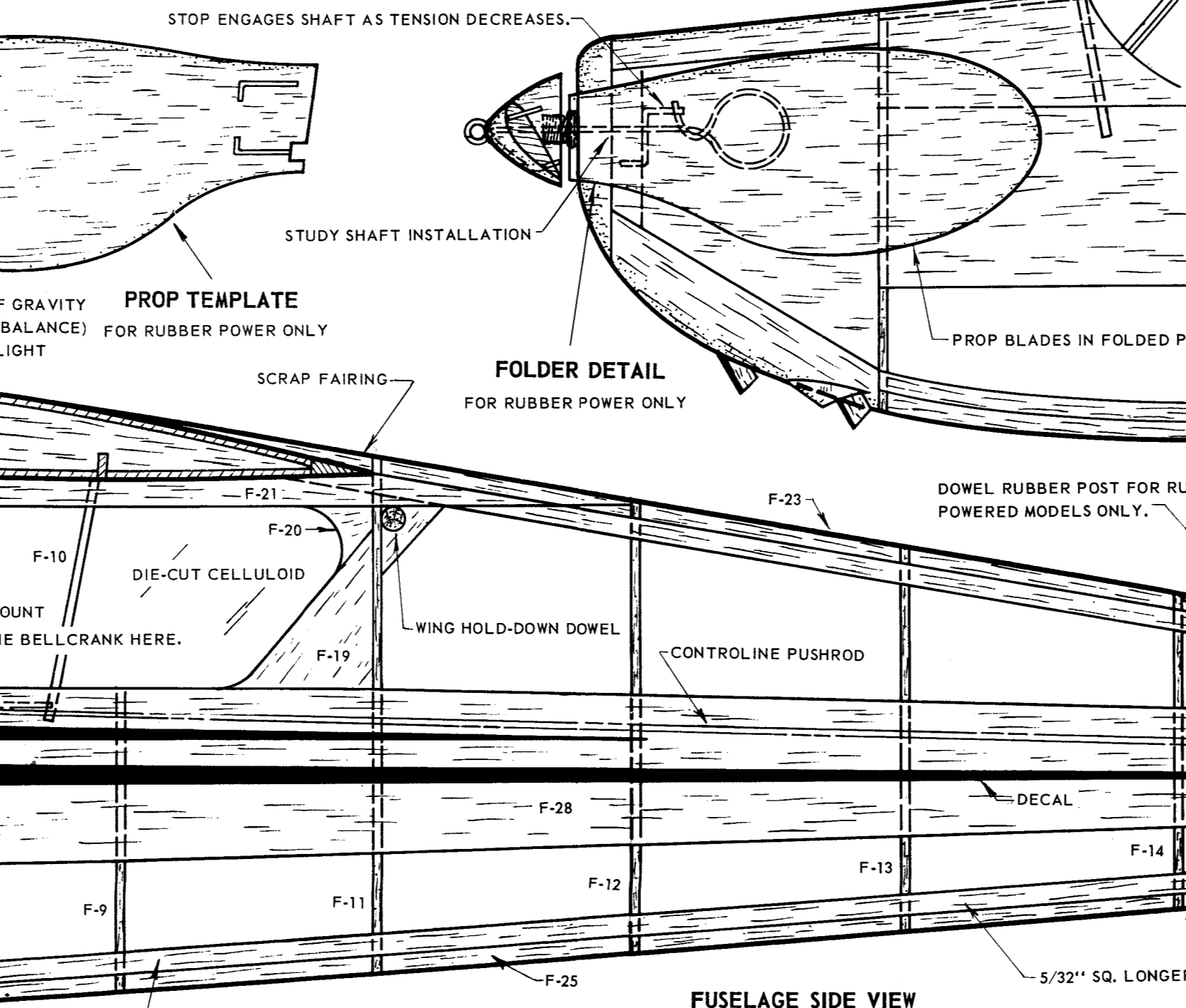
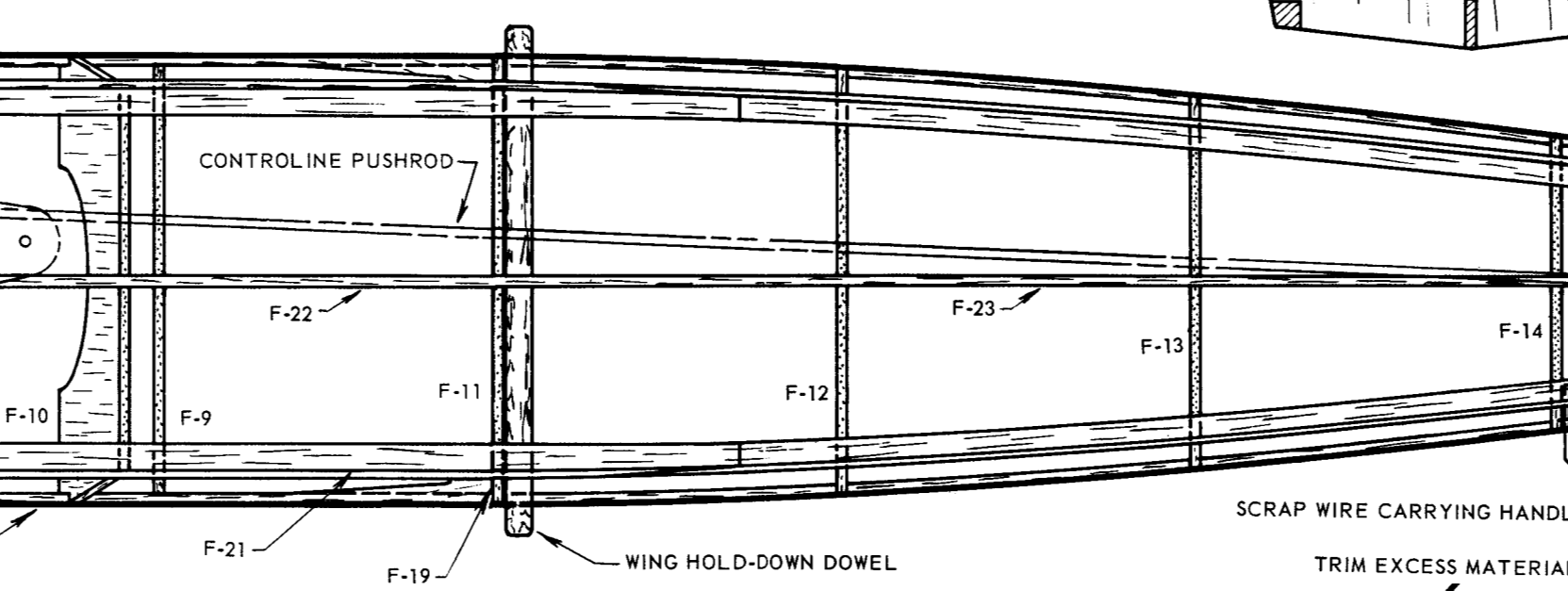
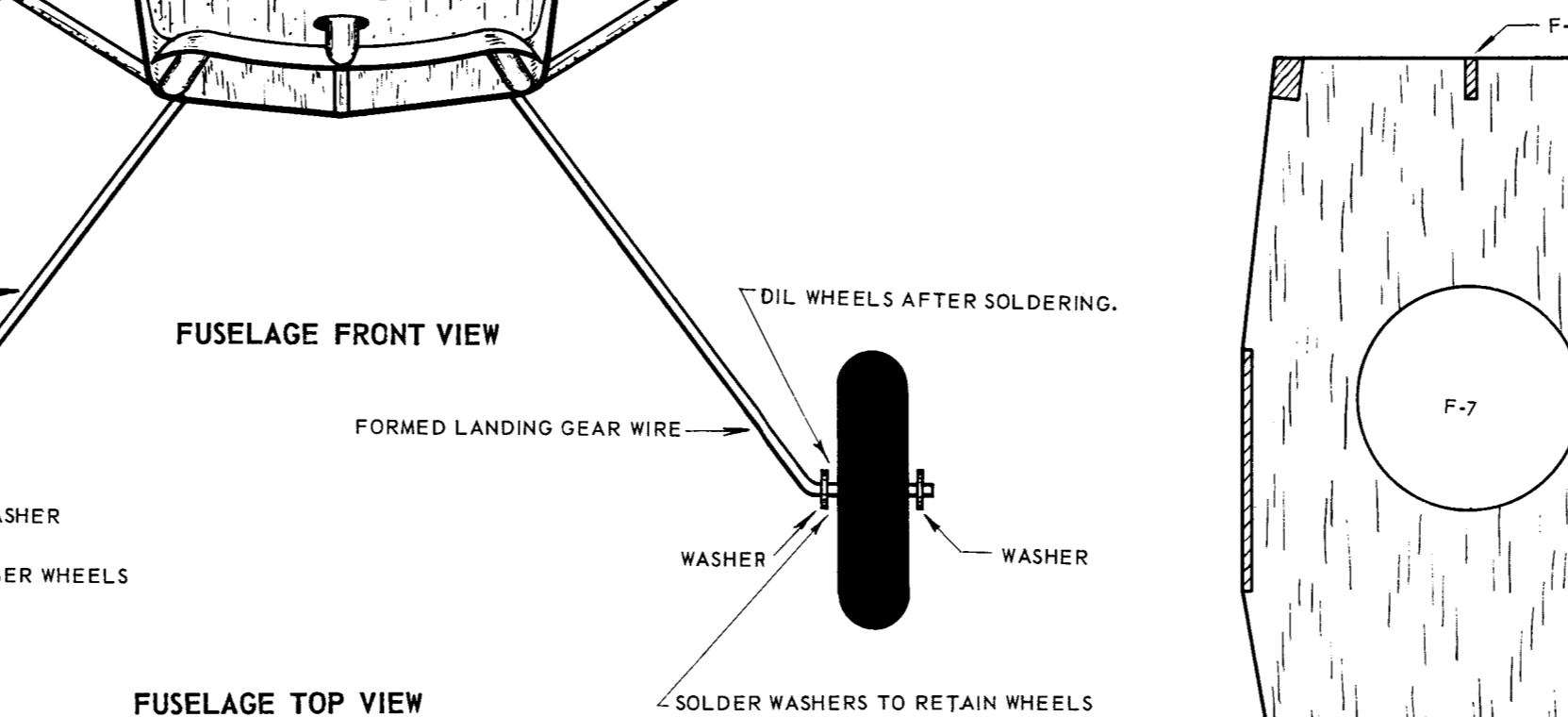
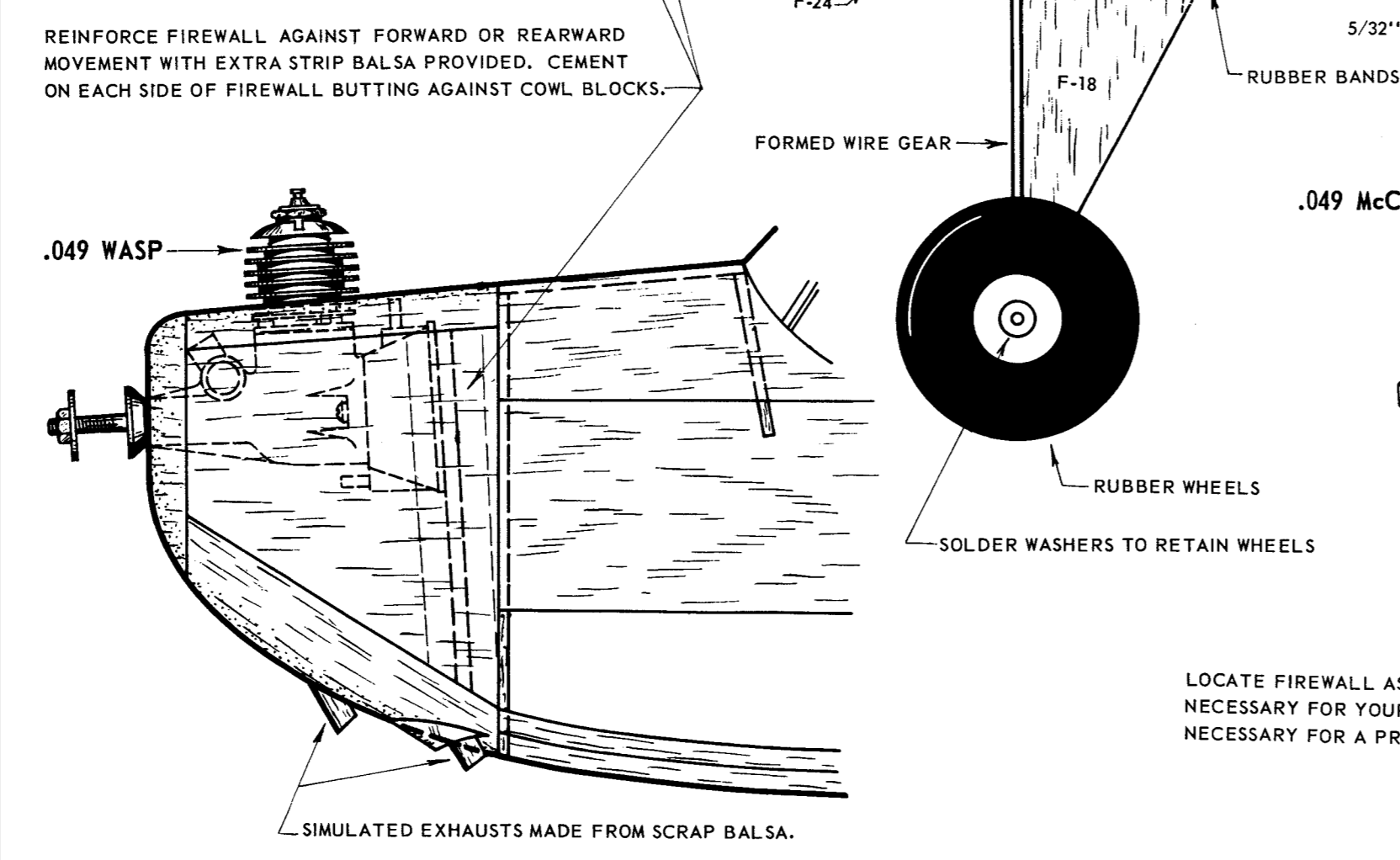
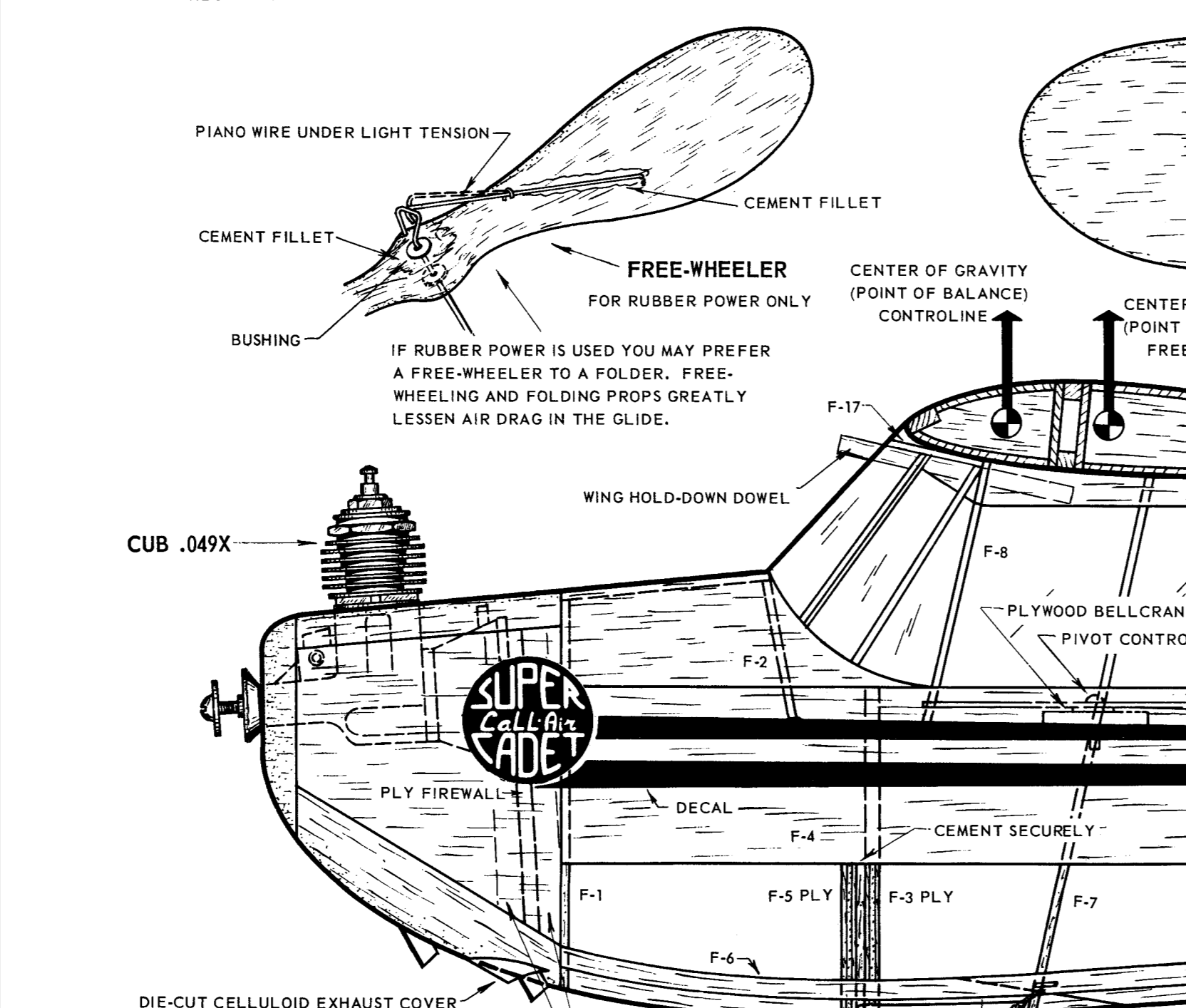
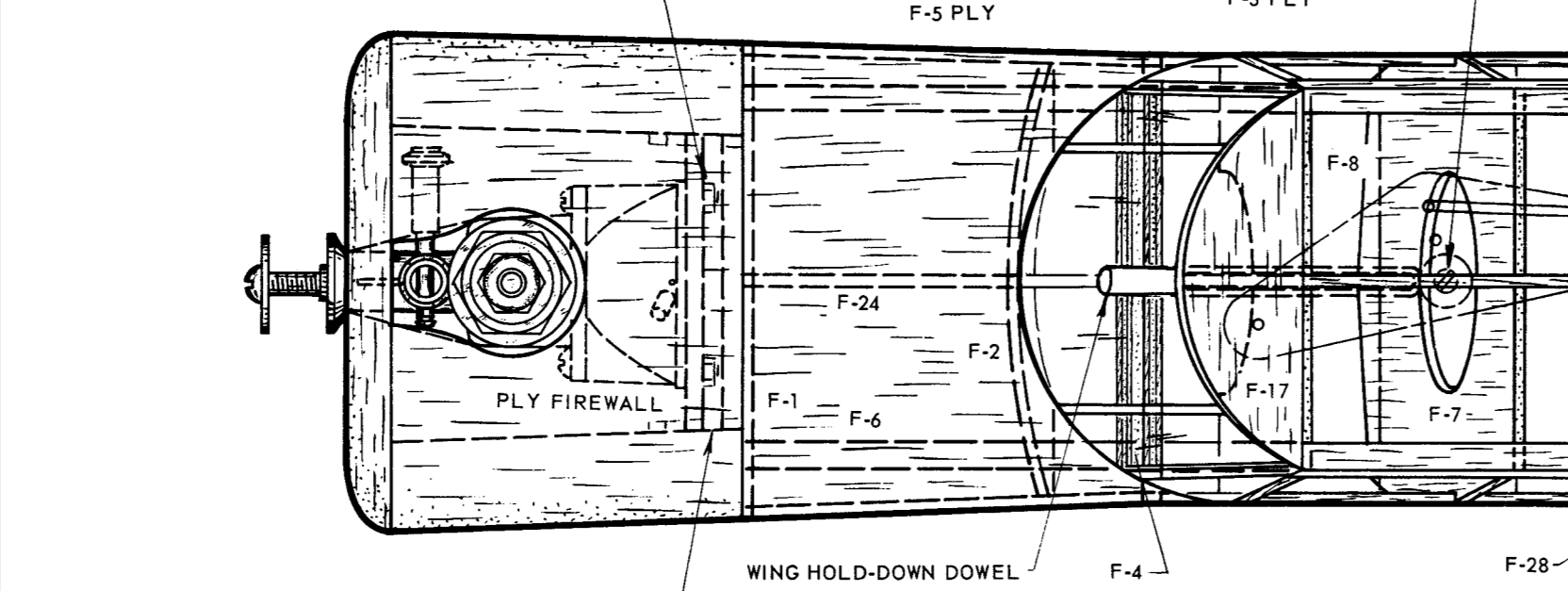
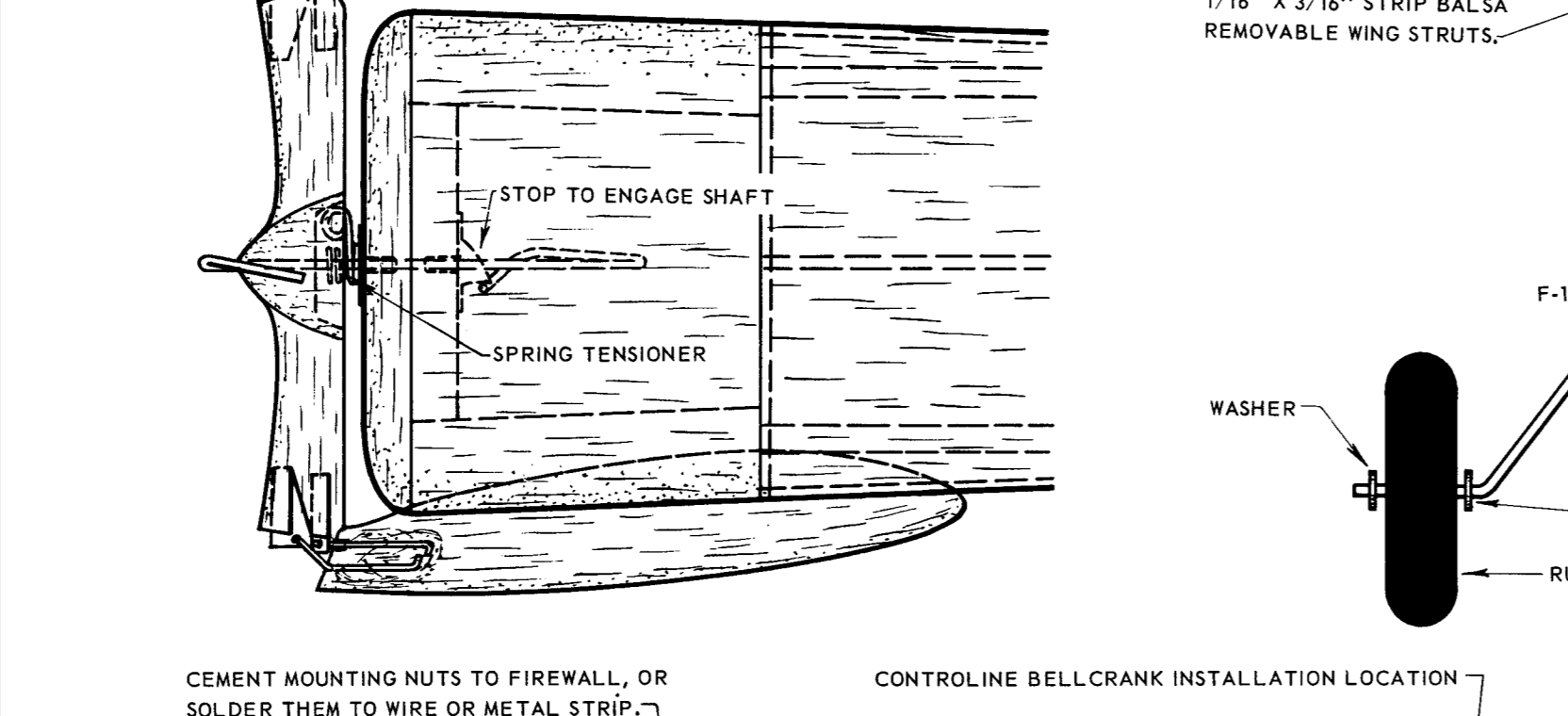
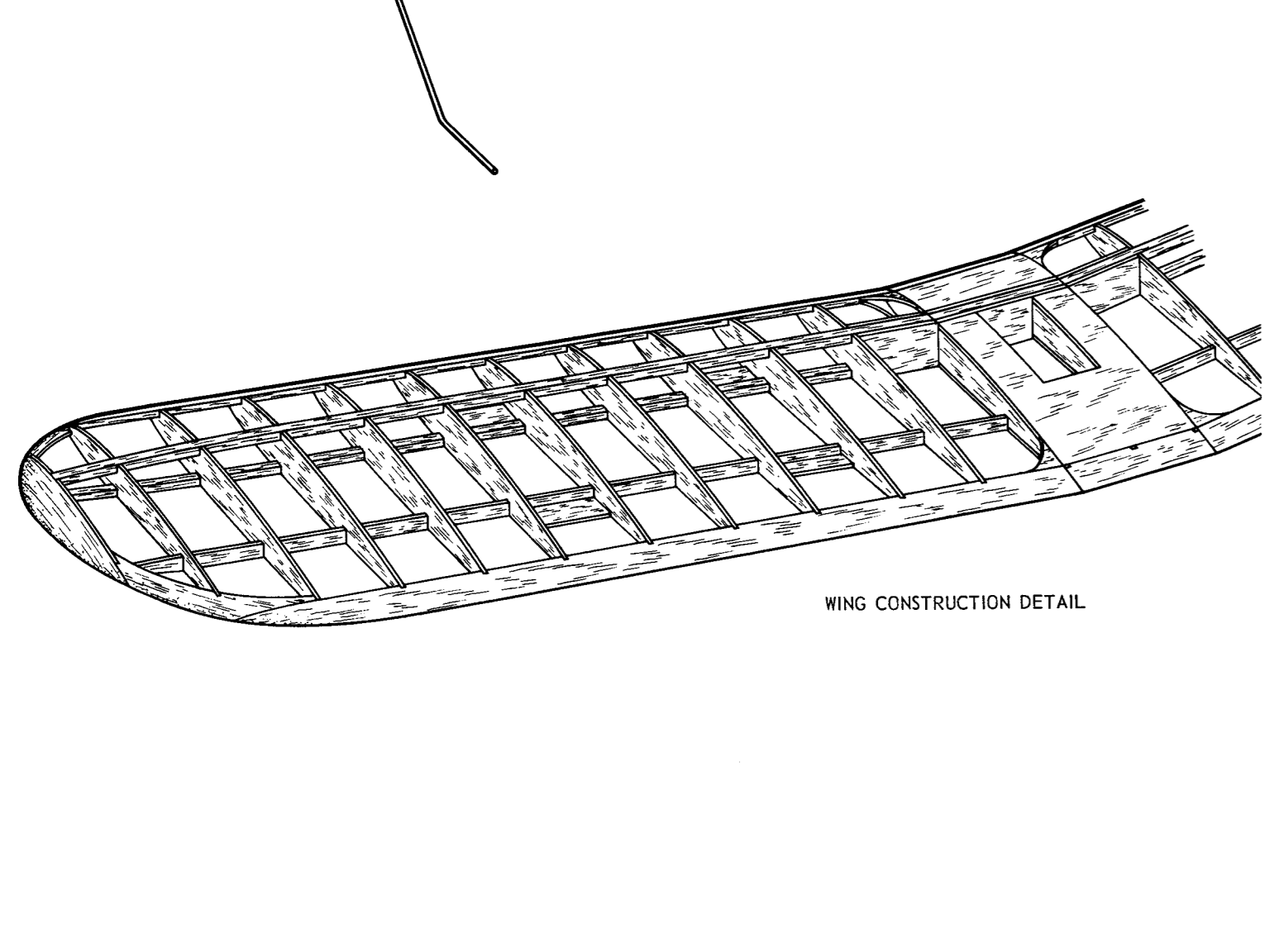
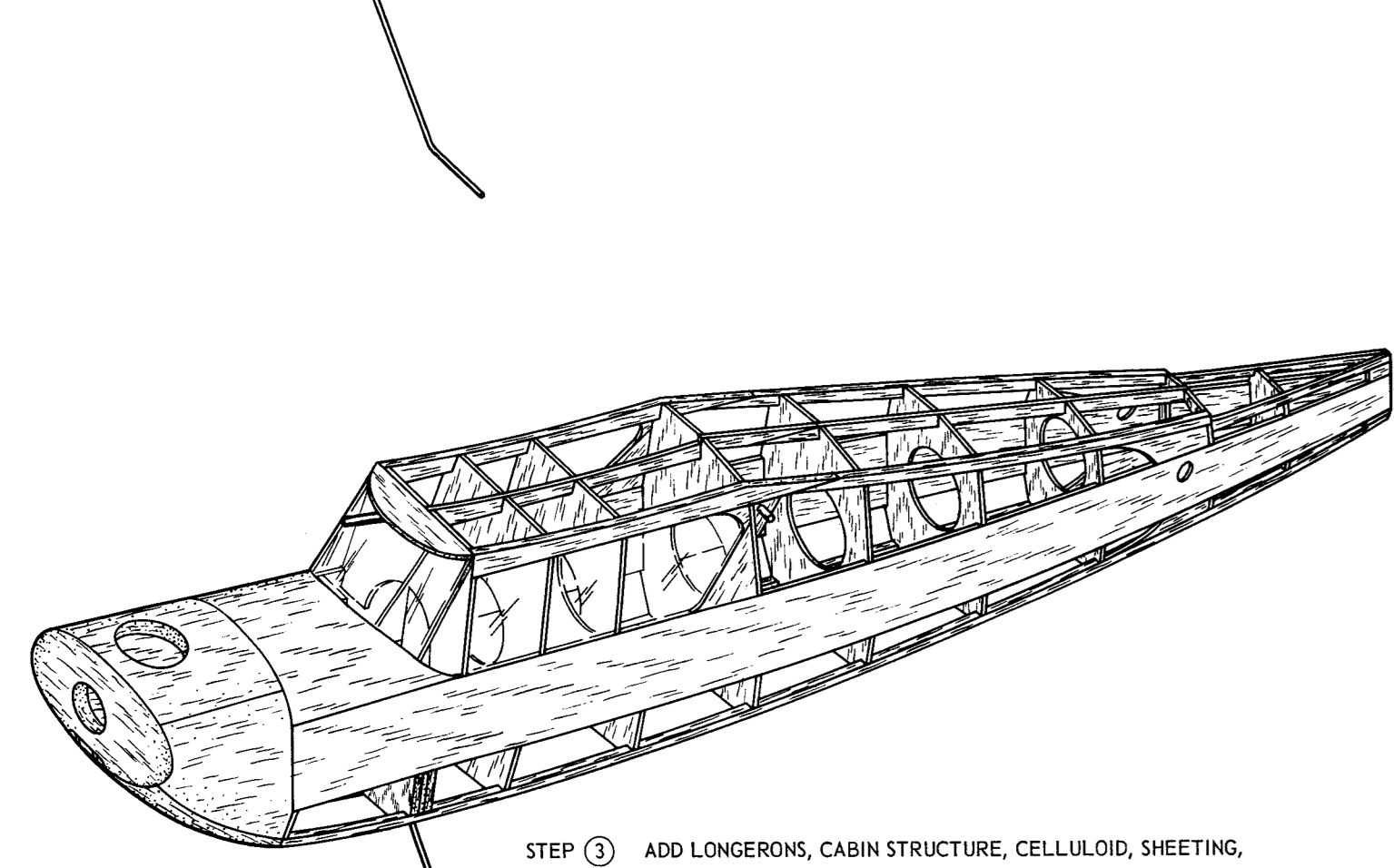
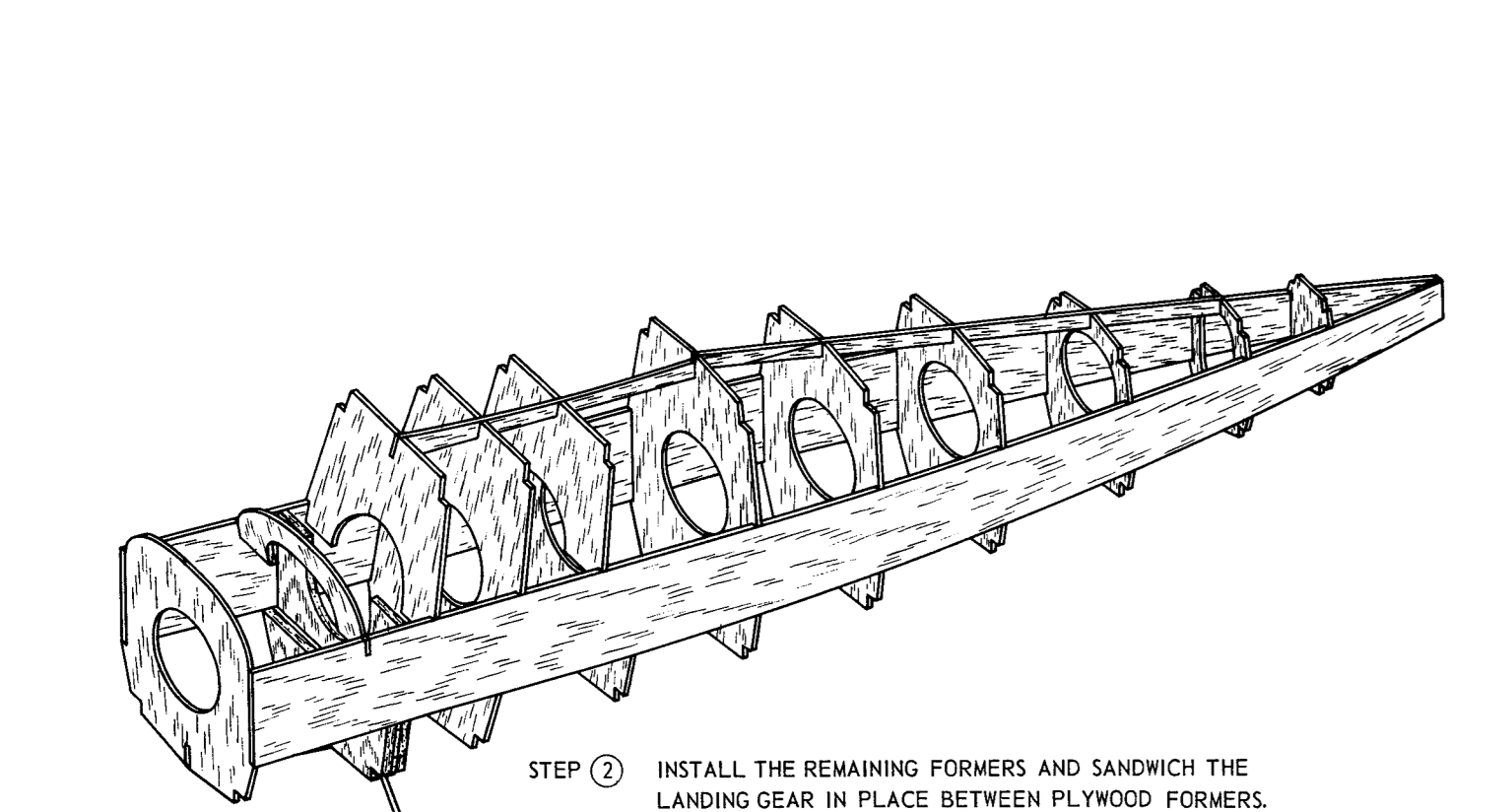
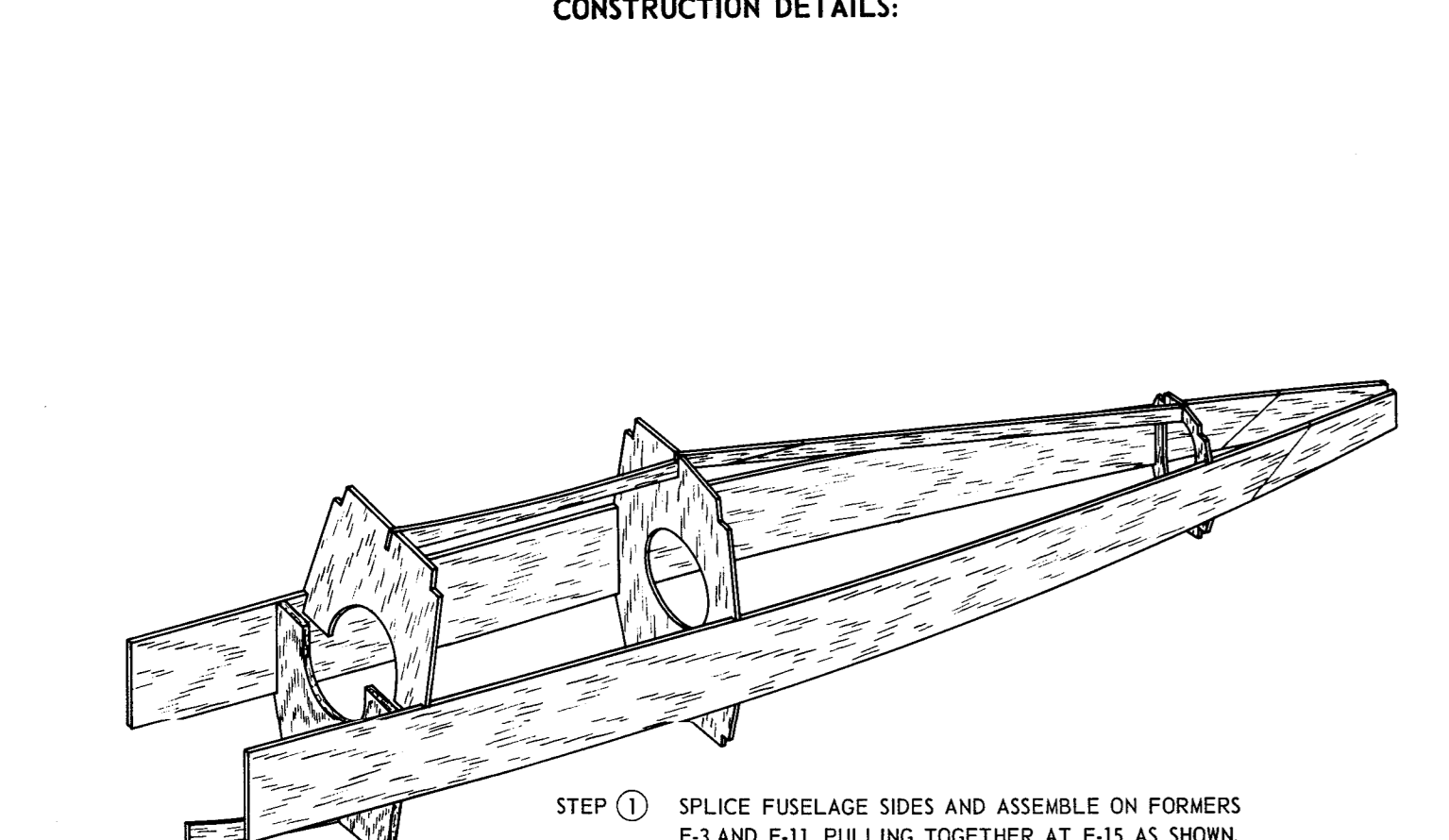
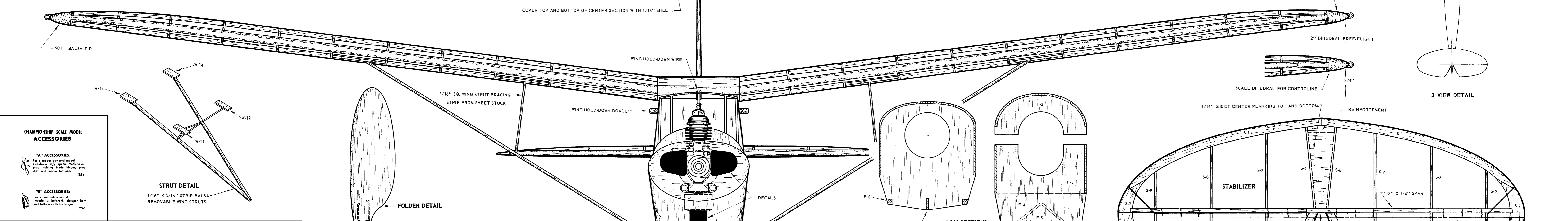
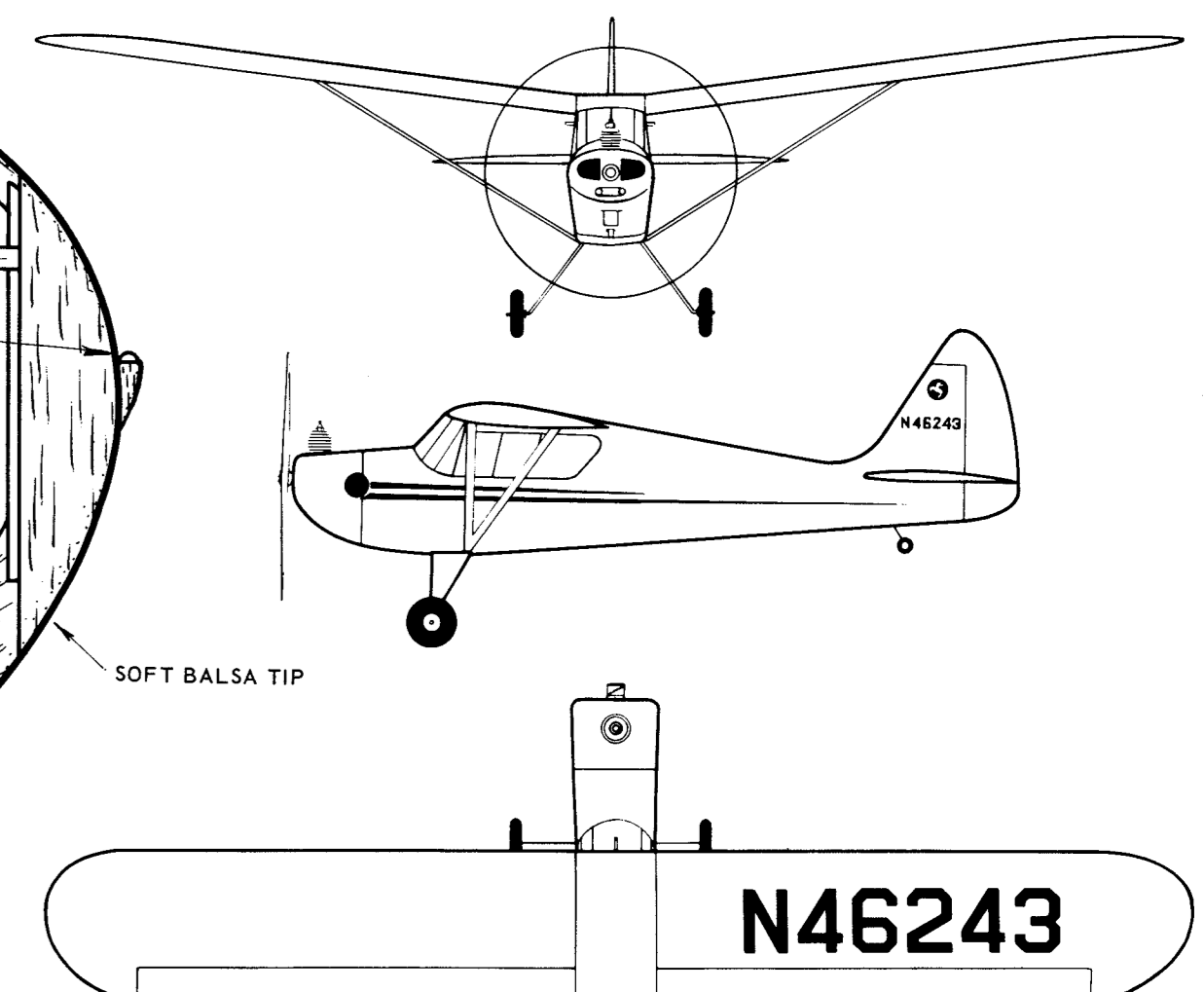
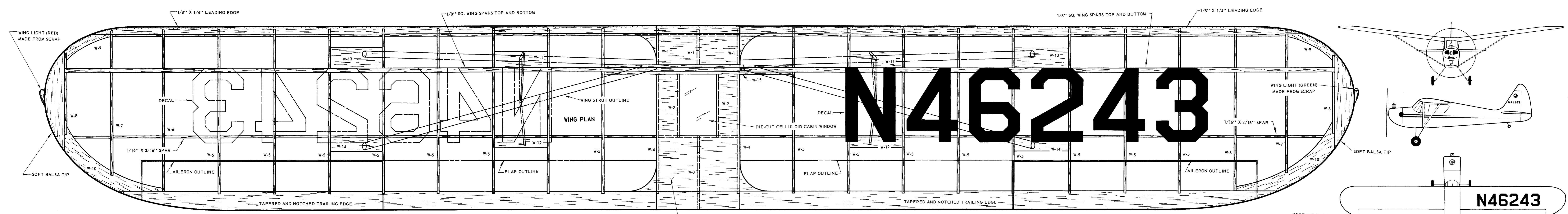


# N46243



**CHAMPIONSHIP SCALE MODEL ACCESSORIES**

**"A" ACCESSORIES:**  
For a complete model, includes a 20" control line and 1/16" x 3/16" strip balsa. Price \$25.

**"B" ACCESSORIES:**  
For a complete model, includes a 20" control line, 1/16" x 3/16" strip balsa, and rubber wheels. Price \$35.

**CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:**

**STEP 1:** SPLICE FUSELAGE SIDES AND ASSEMBLE ON FORMERS F-3 AND F-11, PULLING TOGETHER AT F-15 AS SHOWN.

**STEP 2:** INSTALL THE REMAINING FORMERS AND SANDWICH THE LANDING GEAR IN PLACE BETWEEN PLYWOOD FORMERS.

**STEP 3:** ADD LONGERONS, CABIN STRUCTURE, CELLULOID SHEETING, ENGINE OR RUBBER DETAILS AND COWL BLOCKS. SAND WELL.

## BUILDING AND FLYING INSTRUCTIONS:

This particular airplane was selected for kit production because its proportions are ideal for scale model flying. It embodies the features for gas motor, free-flight and control line flying. In addition, it can also be rubber powered.

The kit includes all the basic material for constructing the free-flight gas model. Separate accessories for control line flying or rubber power can be obtained from your dealer.

Before beginning the actual construction of the model, look over the plans and details carefully. If any difficulties appear, try to construct the model as far as possible. We have tried to give as many instructions as possible directly on the plan. In all cases, use your own judgment. Make sure that all parts are correctly cut and attached. Select a flat workbench for layout work. It is best to have a model knife, pliers, and sandpaper handy.

### FUSELAGE:

See the "Construction Details" at the left and follow step-by-step instructions. Be sure you decide on engine installation before cementing to the cowl blocks.

**WING & TAIL SURFACES:**  
See "Wing Construction Details". At this point you must determine if the model is to be used for free-flight or control line flying. Control line flying requires less dihedral than free-flight. Also, the elevator must be made removable for control line model and the rudder must be off-set. The rudder is cemented to the fin in the proper attitude for layout work.

**COVERING & ASSEMBLY:**  
Strip away the entire framework thoroughly to remove any rough spots. Cement the cowl windows and windshield in position. Be careful when cementing the cowl. Hold as it dissolves in cement. Use only a small quantity of cement and be sure it does not seep. Note that the wing is removable and is laid to the fuselage with rubberbands over the cowl.

Some papers are water insoluble and may be applied to the framework slightly dampened. Attach the paper with clear dope to which a little model cement has been added, striking the paper only along the outlines. Coat all wood parts with several coats of dope to protect them. Use fuel proof dope exclusively.

The dope is applied in the usual manner by brushing. It is water and sliding directly on the dope covering. The dope is "fuel-proof" with any of the present fuels if it is best to test them with your particular fuel. If they smear, apply a coat of clear fuel-proofer that does not react with your fuel.

### FLYING:

For all types of free flight flying, test glide the model in tall grass and adjust for a smooth descent.

### FREE FLIGHT GLIDE:

The model should fly perfectly if properly built. The point of balance for free flight flying should be approximately at the point shown. If the model banks severely to either side, check the wing and tail for warps. Stalling or diving characteristics can be corrected by adding weight either in the cowl or as far back in the fuselage as possible to bring the point of balance to the indicated position.

When setting up the model for rubber power, use a 1/16" balsa wedge model and under the leading edge of the wing under the main spar. If they smear, apply a coat of clear fuel-proofer that does not react with your fuel.

### RUBBER POWERED:

The Berkeley Rubber-Powered Accessory Package can be obtained from your dealer. Modify the nose to hold the prop bearing and install a 2/16" dowel at the rear of the fuselage reinforcing the fuselage at the peg and cutting away bottom structure for access to the rubber.

The Prop must have down-thrust and right thrust to give proper performance. Use about 12 strands of 3/16" rubber for power, winding with a mechanical winder.

### CONTROL LINE:

Install the control mechanism before covering. Be sure that the entire system operates freely. Install landing gear from the belly grass through the wing tip guide. Attach the flying wire with clips or snap swivels. Use 25-foot line for the first test flight. Standard control line flying procedure information can be obtained from your dealer.

## 1" Scale-Free-Flight, Rubber or Control Line SUPER CADET

DESIGNED AND DRAWN BY: PAUL DELGATTO  
KIT ENGINEERED BY: BILL EFFINGER

FULL SIZE PLANS  
.035 - .049 ENG. FREE-FLIGHT  
.049 - .099 ENG. CONTROL LINE  
35-1/2" WINGSPAN

BERKELEY MODELS INC.,  
WEST HEMPSTEAD, NEW YORK, U.S.A.

NOTE: ENGINES MAY BE INSTALLED IN PRONE OR INVERTED POSITIONS.

SAND MODEL THOROUGHLY BEFORE COVERING

SUGGESTED COLOR SCHEME: ALL YELLOW WITH RED TRIM.